

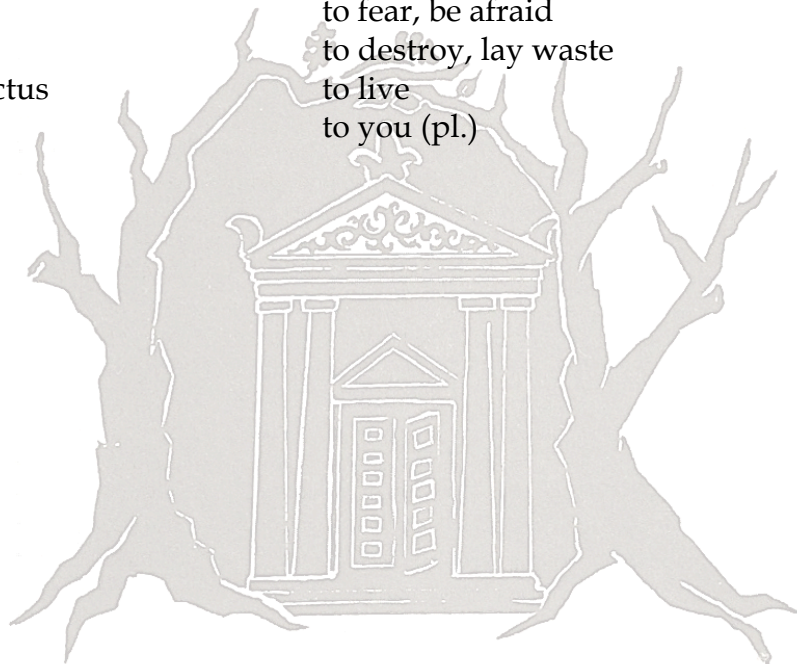
Caput XII

Philēmōn et Baucis (Pars II) Review Packet

Nomen _____

Vocabularia

annus, -i, <i>m.</i>	year
anser, anseris, <i>m</i>	goose
cena, -ae, <i>f.</i>	dinner, meal
coniunx, -iugis, <i>c.</i>	spouse (husband or wife)
crater, crateris, <i>m</i>	bowl
custos, custodis, <i>c.</i>	guardian, keeper
frondeo, -ēre, -ui, -itus	to pull out leaves
homo, hominis, <i>m</i>	man, human
impius, -a, -um	wicked, impious
inter + <i>acc</i>	among, between
ipse, ipsa, ipsum	self, him/her/itself, themselves, yourself, myself
iustus, -a, -um	just, upright, true
miraculum, -i, <i>n.</i>	miracle
nomen, nominis, <i>n</i>	name
nos	us
os, oris, <i>n.</i>	mouth, face
praemium, -ii, <i>n</i>	reward
prehendo, -ere, -hendi, -hensus	catch, seize, grasp
pro + <i>abl</i>	in front of, before
qui	who (pl.)
quoniam	since
receptus, -a, -um	received
sacerdos, -dotis, <i>c.</i>	priest, priestess
sacrificium, -ii, <i>n</i>	sacrifice
semper	always
sine + <i>abl.</i>	without
timeo, -ēre, -ui	to fear, be afraid
vasto (1)	to destroy, lay waste
vivo, -ere, vixi, victus	to live
vobis	to you (pl.)



Caput XII
Grammatica
Negative Commands

• When forming regular commands:

- _____ *ambulare*
- _____ *-re*
= _____ *ambula*
- What sort of command does this make? _____
- _____ *ambulare*
- _____ *-re*
= _____ *ambula*
+ _____ *+te*
= _____ *ambulate*
- What sort of command does this make? _____

• When forming negative commands:

- Use the imperative form of the verb: **nolo, nolle** *to not wish, be unwilling*
 - Singular: _____
 - Plural: _____
- And the infinitive of the verb you are commanding against

Noli timere.

Do not fear. (addressing one)

Nolite anserem necare.

Do not kill the goose. (addressing more than one)



Caput XII
Grammatica
The Top 25



ambulare

3rd p.p.: _____



bibere

3rd p.p.: _____



dare/donare

3rd p.p.: _____



debere

3rd p.p.: _____



dicere

3rd p.p.: _____



iacēre

3rd p.p.: _____



laborare

3rd p.p.: _____



legere

3rd p.p.: _____



mittere

3rd p.p.: _____



movere

3rd p.p.: _____



nare/natare

3rd p.p.: _____



pendere

3rd p.p.: _____



petere

3rd p.p.: _____



putare

3rd p.p.: _____



rogare

3rd p.p.: _____



scribere

3rd p.p.: _____



sedere

3rd p.p.: _____



spectare

3rd p.p.: _____



stare

3rd p.p.: _____



tangere

3rd p.p.: _____



tenere

3rd p.p.: _____



timere

3rd p.p.: _____



transportare

3rd p.p.: _____



vivere

3rd p.p.: _____



volare

3rd p.p.: _____

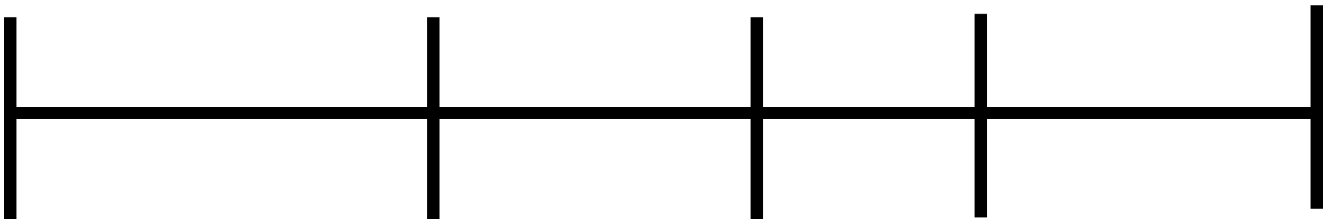
Caput XII
Grammatica
Pluperfect Tense

- Pluperfect Tense is formed just like Perfect Verbs
 - _____ - _____ + _____ = _____
- Pluperfect is the fifth tense learned this year. What is the time and translation of the following tenses?

	<i>Time</i>	<i>Translating</i>
Present:		
Imperfect:		
Future:		
Perfect:		

- The pluperfect stem is used to express _____ & _____.
 - When translating these verbs, use the word: _____
 - How does this vary from the imperfect and perfect tense?
- The endings used are simply the _____ of *esse*

<i>Verbum</i> vastavi	<i>Anglice</i>	<i>Verbum</i> timui	<i>Anglice</i>
_____	I had destroyed	_____	I had feared
_____	you had destroyed	_____	you had feared
_____	he had destroyed	_____	he had feared
_____	we had destroyed	_____	we had feared
_____	you had destroyed	_____	you had feared
_____	they had destroyed	_____	they had feared



Caput XII
Grammatica
Si Verbum Est. . .

tempus:

<i>subiectum:</i>	<i>verbum:</i>	hodie	heri	cras	in annotino	cum tu annos quinque habueras
ego	vastare, vastavi					
nos	timere, timui					
tu	sedere, sedi					
vos	iacere, iacui					
is	imperare, imperavi					
ea	habere, habui					
ei	iubere, iussi					
eae	ambulare, ambulavi					

Caput XII
De Humanitate
Res Publica Romae
509/510 BC – 27 AD

Comita Centuriata:

Popular Assemblies
Comita Tributa:

Comita Curiata:

Important Offices:



Senator:



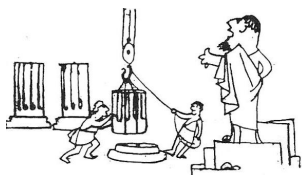
Consul:



Praetor:



Quaestor:



Aedile:



Censor:



Tribune:



Dictator:

Important Figures:

Cincinnatus:

Gracchi Brothers:

Marius & Sulla:

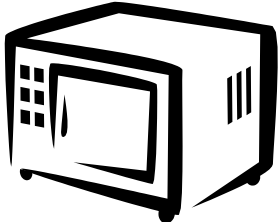
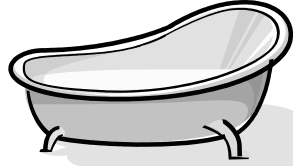
Crassus:

Pompey:

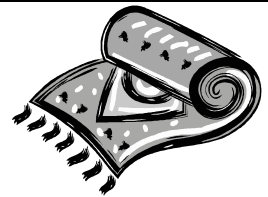
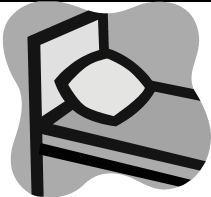
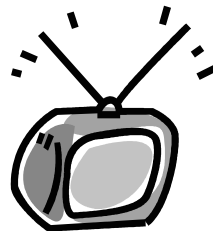
Caesar:

Caput XII
Colloquamur
In Cellis

Culina



Cubiculum



Caput XII Activitae

Activita XII.i: Responde Latine, quaeso.

1. Qui miraculum viderunt? _____
2. Quid erat miraculum? _____
3. Qui anserem servaverunt? _____
4. Qui erant advenae? _____
5. Cur di oppidum vastare debent? _____
6. Cur di praemium dare debent? _____
7. Quid est praemium sensibus? _____
8. Qui sunt custodes templi Iovis? _____
9. Quid nunc est oppidum ubi habitaverant impii homines? _____
10. Qui sunt arbores pro templo? _____

Activita XII.ii: Select which tense each of the following verbs are (Nota Bene: There are 4 for each tense)

- a. in praesenti tempore
- b. in imperfecto tempore
- c. in futuro tempore

- d. in perfecto tempore
- e. in plusquamperfecto tempore

- ___ 1. timuistis
- ___ 2. habuerant
- ___ 3. erunt
- ___ 4. legebam
- ___ 5. ambulavit
- ___ 6. volabo
- ___ 7. est
- ___ 8. laborabat
- ___ 9. fueratis
- ___ 10. dubitatis

- ___ 11. debebant
- ___ 12. pendebis
- ___ 13. ambulo
- ___ 14. fui
- ___ 15. dixeramus
- ___ 16. vastavisti
- ___ 17. rogabimus
- ___ 18. paras
- ___ 19. iacueras
- ___ 20. eras

Activita XII.iii: Translate the following negative commands in both singular and plural

1. (*Don't destroy*) terras. _____
2. (*Don't live*) male. _____
3. (*Don't fear*) deos. _____
4. (*Don't doubt*) deos. _____

Caput XII

5. (*Don't command*) pueros. _____
6. (*Don't prepare*) cibum malum. _____
7. (*Don't sit*) in templō. _____
8. (*Don't write*) in tabulā. _____
9. (*Don't speak*). _____
10. (*Don't walk*) in agrō. _____

Activita XII.iv: Should they? Answer in a complete sentence whether or not the people listed below should perform the following actions - using positive or negative commands.

- EX: Debentne liberi *ludere* in viā? Minime, liberi, nolite ludere in viā!
1. Debetne Septimus *tangere* tostrum calidum? _____
 2. Debetne Iulia *edere* cum manibus suis? _____
 3. Debentne liberi *ludere* cum cane malo? _____
 4. Debetne Marinus *edere* cum furcillā? _____
 5. Debentne discipuli pensum suum *facere*? _____
 6. Debentne dei *vastare* oppidum malum? _____
 7. Debentne senes *habere* praemium? _____
 8. Debetne Vita *ponere* libros in pluteo fracto? _____
 9. Debetne Lucia *dormire* in lecto? _____
 10. Debentne gladiatores *pugnare*? _____

Activita XII.v: Conjugate the following verbs using the pluperfect tense

1. Caesar in Romā (*habitare, -avi*). _____
2. Romulus primo in regnō (*sedere, sedi*). _____
3. Ignatius in bellō cum Caesare (*pugnare, -avi*). _____
4. Cincinnatus dictator pro diebus sedecim (*esse, fui*). _____
5. L. Superbus (*esse, fui*) rex ultimus Romā. _____
6. In fabulis Ovidi, Iuppiter nymphas (*amare, -avi*). _____
7. In somno, nos Romā (*vivere, vixi*). _____
8. Tu oppidum in fabulā (*vastare, -avi*). _____
9. Cum annos quinque habui, ego supra (*ludere, lusi*). _____
10. Vos populos paucos (*dicere, dixi*). _____

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Activita XII.vi: Put the following verbs in chronological order

_____	_____	_____
ambulabat	vastamus	dubitavisti
_____	_____	_____
ambulabit	vastaveramus	dubitas
_____	_____	_____
ambulavit	vastabamus	dubitaveras
_____	_____	_____
ambulaverat	vastavimus	dubitabis
_____	_____	_____
ambulat	vastabimus	dubitabas
_____	_____	_____
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_____	_____	_____
timueratis	parabant	iubeo
_____	_____	_____
timuistis	paraverunt	iussi
_____	_____	_____
timetis	parabunt	iubebo
_____	_____	_____
timebitis	paraverant	iusseram
_____	_____	_____
timebatis	parant	iubebam
_____	_____	_____

Activita XII.vii: Conjugate the verb based on the subject given. You will need to conjugate in imperfect, perfect, and pluperfect tenses.

	753 B.C.	Last Year	Last Week	
Nos	_____	_____	_____	timere, timui
Vos	_____	_____	_____	vastare, vastavi
Ego	_____	_____	_____	ambulare, ambulavi
Os	_____	_____	_____	parare, paravi
Tu	_____	_____	_____	vivere, vixi
Anseres	_____	_____	_____	stare, steti
Tu	_____	_____	_____	dubitare, dubitavi
Ego	_____	_____	_____	sedere, sedi
Reges	_____	_____	_____	scribere, scripsi
Coniunx	_____	_____	_____	imperare, imperavi
Vos	_____	_____	_____	iubere, iussi
Nos	_____	_____	_____	putare, putavi
Vos	_____	_____	_____	dubitare, dubitavi
Tu	_____	_____	_____	parare, paravi
Nos	_____	_____	_____	vastare, vastavi
Ego	_____	_____	_____	timere, timui